St P. M& Manite

## NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

IS THE TARIFF BILL TO GO! THE PROSPECT OF LEGISLATION ON THE SUBJECT DOUBTFUL-OTHER MEASURES TO BE ADVANCED. [BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15 .- There is a probability that within two or three days, possibly to-morrow, the Appropriations Committee will ask the House to lay aside the Tariff bill and proceed with the remaining appropriation bills as rapidly as practicable. Chairman Hiscock said this evening that he may ask the House to finish the Legislative bill tomorrow, as it is deemed important to get that measure to the Senate immediately. It will take the House some time to dispose of the Sundry Civil bill, and the end of the session is so near that the consideration of that measure cannot be postponed much longer with safety.

The Republican Business Committee of the House has had one conference with the members of the Senate Republican Caucus Committee in regard to the future course of the party respecting pending tariff legislation. The conference was productive of no result, and, a member of the House committee said this evening that he did not know when another conference will be held. He thinks the prospects of any tariff legislation by this Con-gress are very doubtful.

THE INFLUENCE OF THE LOTTERY MEN. WHY NEWSPAPERS CONTAINING LOTTERY ADVER-TISEMENTS ARE PERMITTED TO GO THROUGH THE MAILS-MR. HATTON'S INTEREST.

IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15 .- Mr. Robertson, of Louisiana, introduced a bill in the House last Monday to prohibit the transmission through the mails of newspapers and other publications cotaining lottery advertisements. Several years ago Postmaster General Key issued an order prohibiting the use of the mails by lottery companies, buc'this order was not construed as affecting newspapers which published lottery advertisements. The Louisiana Lottery Company obtained an order enjoining the execution of the order issued by Judge Key. This injunc tion was subsequently dissolved by the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia. The lottery company took an appeal to the Supreme Court pending which the execution of the order was again suspended. Afterward the appeal was dismissed. A year ago the House adopted a resolution requesting information in regard to the subsequent action of the Post Office Department. It is understood that the information was furnished to the House Committee on Post Offices, which it was expected would report what additional legislation, if any, is needed to prevent the use of the mails to promote lottery schemes. It is understood that Mr. Money, of that committee, has prepared a report taking the ground that no additional legislation is necessary, that there is law enough now if the Postmaster-General will enforce it. This report has not been laid before the committee simply because no meeting has been held for a long time, and it is considered rather doubtful whether the committee will be called to-gether at all during the remainder of the session.

gether at all during the remainder of the session.

That the lottery companies have used their influence with the Post Office Committee to produce in action, as some believe, it would be impossible to prove; but one fact in connection with the relations of the Department to this subject cannot escape public attention, and public criticism. This is that the First Assistant Postmaster-General, Mr.

Letter, is the president and active head of a com-Hatton, is the president and active head of a company which publishes a daily newspaper here having profitable advertising contracts with the principal lottery companies, and publishing all their attractive circulars, notices and lists of drawings. It is estimated that one lottery company alone draws from the city of Washington \$40,000 a month from the sale of its tickets.

PROFITLESS DISCUSSION. LITTLE PROGRESS MADE IN THE SENATE-THE STATE OF THE TARIFF MEASURE IN CONSIDERABLE DOUBT.

IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15 .- Some influence is mysteriously delaying action upon the Tariff bill in the Senate. Under a show of diligence little progress is made and hour after hour passes in profitless discusssions or in speeches to which few or no Senators listen. There is no doubt that a large majority of the Republicans and a small majority of the Democrats, together making a majority of the Senate, earnestly desire to pass the pending bill. Nor is there any doubt that many of those who are indifferent or secretly opposed to it will vote for it if the final stage is ever reached. The situation is such bowever-the end of the session is so near, and so much general business remains to be done-that it will now only be necessary to extend the debate every few days to accomplish the purpose of the enemies of the bill, without placing the responsibility conspicuously upon anybody's shoulders. Two appropriation bills already tie upon the clerk's table ready for consideration in the Senate, and two more will be reported from the Appropriations Committee to-morrow. It is is understood to be the opinion of a majority of the Appropriations Committee that their duty to the public will require them to call these bills up early next week whether the Tariff bill is disposed of or not. Senator Sherman to-day said in debate that he

proposed to offer a substitute for the whole metal schedule, and upon his request, that schedule, which had been taken up to-day, was laid over. Every argument which it is possible to invent upon either side of the question has been heard over and over again, and there is no good reason why the debate upon it should be prolonged. But inasmuch as the proposition to raise the duty upon the single item of iron ore gave rise to a debate of three or four hours to-day, it is more than likely that a day at least will be devoted to the metal schedule, and it is among the possibilities that it will consume the remainder of the week. There is also a report that an attempt will be made to restore the woollen rate to that which it pays at present, and this, too, is likely to fruitful subject of contention, the issue of which is

fruitful subject of contention, the issue of which is doubtful.

An hour and a half was consumed this evening by the Democrats in wrangling and recriminations between the free-traders and the protectionists over their general policy, during which Senator Voorhees and Senator Vance "collided" with some violence, much to the amusement of the Republicans. The fact was made very plain that the Democrats have no tariff policy upon which they can unite. They are upon record upon all sides of every question, and their quarrels with each other already have a very encouraging appearance for the Republicans. Senator Morrell tu-day expressed the hope that the Senate would remain in session to-morrow until it disposed of the bill. In the conflict of hopes, opinions and intentions the fate of the bill in the Senate is still involved in considerable-doubt.

THE SUGAR CONTROVERSY. THE HOUSE DISCUSSING THE SCHEDULE AND REACH-ING NO CONCLUSION.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] WASHINGTON, Feb. 15 .- The House Committee of the Whole spent about six hours to-day in discussing the sugar tariff, and did not reach a conclusion respecting the first paragraph of the schedule. The discussion was very animated and covered nearly every point of controversy involved in the entire schedule, the opposition to the polariscope and the fight between the sugar retiners, importers and producers, as well as the question of rates. The committee has recommended a duty of 1,25 cents per pound on all sugars not above No. 13 Dutch standard, testing by the polariscope not above 75 degrees, and 4-100 of a cent additional for every additional

degree or fraction of a degree. As soon as the first paragraph had been read the advocates of free sugar lifted up their voices, and considering the small number of votes they could muster, they made a good deal of noise, and drew down upon their devoted heads the unsparing denunciation of Chairman Kelley and the eloquent wrath of Mr. Ellis, of Louisiana, has given unvarying votes to reduce duties during the last fortnight. The "free sugar" amendment was rejected-26 to 132. Among those who spoke in favor of it was D. C. Smith, of Illinois, who said that in each recurring political campaign the Democrats came forward denouncing the Republican party for keeping up the duty on the necessaries of life. He wanted a record made on this vote to fix the responsibility where it beas upon longs-upon Democrats as well Republicans. There was considerable squirms among the free trade Democrats at its rooms, No. 28 Avenue A. The meeting was occur Republican speakers lashed them for vied with the signing of the roll by new members

their inconsistency in standing up for the present tariff on sugar, and in several cases voting to increase it, when they had hitherto voted to reduce the duty on nearly every other article. Even the exuberant Springer, whose heart has bled for the poor consumer" every day during the last month, had not a word to say for him to day, and heart-

lessly voted against bim. Toward the close of the afternoon Mr. Tucker that something must be said, and he made a florid speech defending the consistency of the free traders. ing the consistency of the free traders. "The tariff on sugar is a revenue tariff in nothing else," he shouted, and every "tariff for revenue only" Democrat applanded to the echo—with apparently never a thought for the "poor consumer" whose wees have been the burden of every free-trader's complaint during all the weary discussions of the last three weeks. General Gibson, of Louisiana, made a strong speech in favor of his amendment to increase the rates to 1.50 cents per nound additional for each degree above 75 and below No. 13, but it was rejected, as also were several propositions to lower the rates recommended by the Ways and Means Committee. General Brown's amendment, making the rate 1 cent per pound on all sugars below No. 13, Dutch standard, received 73 votes to 89 against it. The indications are that the Committee of the Whole will stand by the rates of the Ways and Means Committee.

SECRETARY FOLGER'S HEALTH IMPROVING. WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.-Secretary Folger is reported to be slightly improved in health to-day, but ras not able to leave the house. He had intended to leave here this afternoon for New-York with the President to attend the funeral of ex-Governor Morgan to-morrow, but the state of his health would not permit. Secretary Frelinghuysen was also prevented by ill health from accompanying the President.

JAPAN TO BE PARTLY INDEMNIFIED.

Washington, Feb. 15.-The conference report on the Japanese Indemnity bill was presented to the House to-day. The effect of the bill is to return to Japan the original sum received from that Gov-ernment, \$785.000, without interest; to pay to the officers and crews of the Wyoming and Ta Kiang \$140,000, and to cancel all the bonds comprising the Japanese indemnity fund. The oill as it passed the House returns to Japan \$1,516.364, bill as it passed the House returns to Japan \$1,516,364, and the Senate cut down the sum to the amount named, contending that the Government should never pay interest. There was a warm discussion on the action of the Senate, and it was explained that after cight months conference the House Committee had been compelled to yield to the Senate. Several members made pleas to reject the conference report on the ground that the indemnity should be returned in full, but it was explained that if action was deferred now the bill would go over and the matter would return to its old rut. Finally, it being suggested that the action at present would not prevent a future Congress paying the remainder of the claim, the report was adopted.

THE CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

(BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.)
WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The President did not end in the names of the Civil Service Commissioners to-day, and the appointments must, therefore, go over until next week. Mr. Hoge has been so generally recommended by Democratic members, both of the House and the Senate, that his appointment as the Democratic Commissioner is expected by some.

A PROTEST FROM WRITERS OF BOOKS. WASHINGTON, Feb. 15 .- In the Senate to-day Mr. Morrill presented a remon-trance against any reduc-tion of the tariff upon books below 25 per cent. It was signed by Oliver Wendell Holmes, T. B. Aldrich and John G. Whittler, as "writers of books." It sets forth the folwing reasons:

nected with the prosperity of publishers, who are their agents in manufacturing, advertising and selling the books which they write. Se ond, that American books demand American publishers, and whatever books demand American publishers, and whatever seriously checks the business of publishing checks the freedom of writing. Third, that the removal or essential reduction of the existing tariff on books would give the foreign publisher an advantage over the American publisher by enabling him to occupy the American market with books written and made abroad at a lower rate than they can be made in this country. Fourth, that the effect will be to force American publishers into the publication of those copyright books only whose reputation has already been made, or of those which serve professional uses, as reports of courts and school books. Fifth, that higher literature will be discouraged and that the greatest volume of current literature, which is in the form of reading for the young, will be guided by foreign authors instead of by men and women of their own Nation.

NOMINATIONS AND CONFIRMATIONS. Washington, Feb. 15 .- The President sent the following nominations to the Senate to-day :

Clark B. Montgomery, to be Collector of Internal Revenue for the Ist District of Obio, and Joseph B. Battelle to be Collector of Customs for the district of Miant, Obio.

The Senate in executive session to-day confirmed the bllowing nominations: Henry P. Dill, of Maine, to be United States Consul at

Guelph, Canada.

Guelph, Canada.

First Leutenant Charles A. Booth, 1st Infantry, to be
Assistant Quartermaster with the rank of Captain.

Michael Field, to be Register of Lands at St. Croix

Falls, Wis.

Receivers of Public Moneys.—Joel F. Nason at St.

Michael Field, to be Register of Labous at St. Croix Falls, Wis.

Receivers of Public Moneys.—Joel F. Nason at St. Croix Falls, Wis.; Alfred A. Tuft at Camden, Ark.; Har-per S. Cunningham at Selina, Kan.; William H. C. Mitch-ell at Reed City, Mich.

Indian Agents.—Luban J. Miles at Osage Agency, In-dian Territory; Charles Crissoy at Sisseton Agency, Da-kota. John P. Ward to be Appraiser of Merchandise at Portland, Ore.

Also several postmasters.

THE COTTON CROP.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15 .- The Department of Agriculture reports the results of statistical returns re-lating to the comparative quality of the present cotton crop, progress of marketing, average date of the close of picking, injuries by the caterpillar and boil-worm, and quantity of product. The returns of product in bales quantity of product make an aggregate of over 6,800,000. The returns are nearly ununimous in declaring the staple larger than usual, whiter and comparatively free from trash. It is probable that about 17 per cent of the crop still remains in farmers' hands.

GENERAL HAZEN ASKS INVESTIGATION.

Washington, Feb. 15.—General W. B. Hazen, Chief Signal Officer of the Army, wrote a letter yesterday to the Secretary of War asking that a Sena'e ommittee be requested to investigate the statements made by Representative Beltzhoover, " which, if true would render the Signal Service unworthy of its present position and its chief and other officers unfit for the places they hold." Secretary Lincoln to day sent a reply, declining to consider the request favorably. He

I am not advised of a precedent for an application by the chief of a departmental bureau, either directly or through the head of a department, to one of the Houses of Congress for the appointment of a committee to investigate charges of official misconduct made in debate by a member. Your request is, however, subject to a still more serious objection in that you wish the Senate to appoint a committee to investigate charge—made in debate by a member of the House of Representatives. The mere consideration by the Senate of your application would involve a violation of a general rule of parliamentary practice which can be found in section 3 of Jefferson's Manual. — When the officer whose conduct is questioned is an officer of, the army it would not seem necessary to resort to tribunals other than those provided in the Articles of War.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, Feb. 15, 1883. The President left here for New-York on the 4:20 train

The President has approved the Military Academy Appropriation bill.

The Senate Committee on Commerce further considered the Shipping bill this morning.

The contract for building the Yorktown Monument of Yorktown, Va., has been awarded to the Hallowell Gran-ite Company, of Hallowell, Mc., for the sum of \$66,927. A colored delegation, headed by Frederick Douglass, Recorder of Deeds, called upon the President to-day and urged the appointment of Mr. A. M. Clapp, of New-York, as Commissioner of the District of Columbia.

The Court, in General Term to-day, ordered a mandamus to issue returnable on the 25th inst., commanding the Secretary of State to pay an instalment of an award made by the mixed Mexican Commission on account of Benjamin Well to J. J. Keys, or to show cause why he does not do so.

In accordance with instruction by resolution of the Senate on the 6th of December, the Senate Judiciary Committee has investigated the question of the title to the National Soldiers' Cemetery and the site of Fort Myer (on the Arlington estate), and to-day submitted its report through Mr. Edmunds. The committee recom-mends that the proposition of Mr. Lee to sell the whole property to the Government for \$150,000 be accepted, and that an appropriation be made to carry out the acceptance, for which purpose an amendment to the Deficiency Appropriation bill is reported by the committee, so conditioned that no money shall be paid until the Attorney-General shall have reported that the deed conveys the complete title to the property, and relinquisues claims of every kind by the grantor, in rem or in personam, for damages on account of the occupancy of the estate by the Government. property to the Government for \$150,000 be accepted,

TWO REPUBLICAN MEETINGS.

The Xth Assembly District Republican Association held its regular monthly meeting last evening at its rooms, No. 28 Avenue A. The meeting was occu-

reported favorably by the Executive Committee, and the rausaction of routine business.
At the regular meeting of the XVIIth Assembly District
Association, at No. 341 West Forty-seventh-at, routine

HEBREW COLONISTS IN TROUBLE.

The Hebrew Emigration Society on February 11, received from a committee at Deuver, Col., a statement that the Hebrew colonists at Cotopaxi were suffering for the necessuries of life, the farms on which they were, being rocky and unproductive. The colony onsists of sixty Russian refugees, who were sent to Cotopaxi in May last, on the representations of E. H. Saltiel, who was appointed General Man-ager, Julius Schwarz being the clerk. The committee's report stated that the farms, on which beasts could not exist, consisted of 780 acres. The houses built cost \$280 cach, \$180 more than their value. The refugees were improperly clothed, and the soil was so unproductive that fourteen bags of potatoes which were sown yielded only fifteen bags of an inferior quality. The committee requested that clothing and relief should be forwarded to the colony.

In July last there were various charges in regard to the financial management of Mr. Saltiel, and Morris Tuska was sent to Cotopaxi to investigate the matter. He reported that Saltiel had not paid off the bills on time or built the houses promptly, and had not supplied the farmers with sufficient seed. He transferred the general management of the colony to Mr. Schwarz. He reported also that the land was tertile, and stated that though the crops had been late the colonists would be able to pull through and repay in instalments the investment of the society.

the crops had been late the colorisis wound be society.

It has been charged that Saltiel had not properly applied the funds intrusted to him. Mr. Mildenburg, see retary of the Aid Society, sail yesterday that Saltiel had been intrusted with a little over \$5,000, for the expenditure of which he had sent proper vonchers. He knew of nothing wrong in his accounts, nor was he even suspected. Mr. Schwarz left the colonyl in November last in a flourishing condition, and on Tuesday a Mr. Hart, from Denver, appeared before the Colonization Committee and averred that the colonists were doing well, earning on an average \$2 a day. The trouble, Mr. Mildesburg thought, was that the last crops had been destroyed by a sudden frost, thereby putting the farmers back. In December last, in response to a letter that the colonists were suffering, the society sent \$100 to Cotop xi for flour, and voted \$1,000 more for seeds and implements for the coning season. "That \$100," said Secterary Mildenburg, "raised the whole trouble. I think they wanted more."

THE CHICAGO MARKETS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

CHICAGO, Feb. 15 .- It looks to-night as if the influences which have recently carried wheat and corn up and up for so inany days were waning. It was on all sides prophesied to-night that a fair warm day tomorrow would cause wheat, and perhaps corn, to topple. The former grain this morning opened just about where it closed last night. March began at exactly at last night's figures, while May was a fraction higher. The novement was for a while upward, until an advance of 1474 cents had been scored, and then the market sild off. The closing prices were about the lowest of the day, and were 14 3 12 cent under those of last night. The news of floods here and abroad, of frozen wheat plants, and prophecies of a failure in the next crop, still rule the roost" here and are greatly in demand. present is a weather market altogether. No one here suggests otherwise, but old heads shake ominously, and declare that when the great American public gets it into its head that the weather is going wrong for the next year in crops, it is not safe for speculators to throw them elves in the way.

The volume of business was not targe, as telegraphic

amunication with other cities was a good deal interfered with by the weather. The Southwest was almost altogether cut off. On the curb to night prices were 14 better than at the close. Corn moved up and down out as wheat did. It opened at an advance over las night of 4 21 cent and advanced 4 cent further. May old up to 621s. From these top figures there was a desold up to 62\(^1\)s. From these top figures there was a decline of \(^3\) cent, the May option closing at 61\(^1\) cents.

To-night's pilecs are \(^3\)\sigma^3\) cent better than last night's.

There were no special incidents during the day's trading J. B. Hobbs, who was a very large buyer at the close yesterday, was a large seller to-day at the top figures Armour.

& Co. we e apparently prominent sellers of provisions to-day as they were jesterday, and tha fact excited some surprise, for the head of this concern is avowedly "bullish." Both pork and lard, however, closed higher, the former 15\(^1\)

hundred, than last night. The receipts of coin sected 424 cars.

The committee appointed to collect in the Board funds for the sufferers from the Ohro River floods has about \$3,000 to show for its day's work. A meeting was held immediately after the close of the regular Board to discuss the new corner rules. A motion to approve the proposed rule was defeated, and another motion to disapprove it met the same fate. The rule will be voted on next Saturday, and will in all probability be detected. The Board has been going along since January I without a corner rule, and with more than half the brokers on the bull side, it is likely to go a while longer.

THE COURTS.

COURT CALENDARS-FEBRUARY 16. 906, 4057. DGATE'S COURT-Held by Rollins, S,-Contested will of No day calendar.

COMMON PIEAS—TRIAL TERM—PART I—Held by Beach, J.—

NOS. 21 J. 1866, 2356, 2466, 2110, 2374, 1878, 2431, 2852, 2127, 244, 2468, 2976, 2363, 1605, 2293, 1615, 2016, 2253, 2304, 2368, 1664, 2868.

THE MONEY MARKET.

SALES AT THE STOCK EXCHANGE, FEBRUARY 15, 1883.

> THE GENERAL LIST. Actual Sales Closing

O'pg. H'g't Low't Final, Bid. Ask'd Sold.

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A. & T. IL. prf. B. Air L. pref.	1554	8019	80%	80%	80 kg	81	
R. C. R. & N Canada Pacific	0.00	59%	594	59%	59%	60	400
Cedar Falls Cent. Pac	HO19	8012	79%	801 <sub>8</sub>	12 80%	14	6.750
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C., M. & St. P	100%	101	100%	118	100%	100% 118-9	17,400
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		38	38	38	37.49	16%	100
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R. W. & Og	122				33		100
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Ter. & Pac.
Union Pac.
W. St. L. & P. N. Y. & T. L... Pac. Mail Col. Coal & L... 293,320 Total sales of the day ..... 1175 seller 60 days; :1065 seller 60 days; \*Ex dividend. - GOVERNMENTS. U S 4s Coupon 1997 10,000

| Bank | N Y Ch & St L lat | Wabash G m'tg ds | 5,000 | 78 4 | 121 | 10,000 | 96 ½ | 1,000 | 96 ½ | 10,000 | 96 ½ | 10,000 | 96 ½ | 10,000 | 96 ½ | 10,000 | 96 ½ | 10,000 | 96 ½ | 10,000 | 96 ½ | 10,000 | 96 ½ | 10,000 | 90 ½ | 10,000 | 90 ½ | 10,000 | 90 ½ | 10,000 | 90 ½ | 10,000 | 90 ½ | 10,000 | 90 ½ | 10,000 | 90 ½ | 10,000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 76 ½ | 1000 | 7000 | 7000 | 1000 | 7000 | 1000 | 7000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 Park Bank 20,000 b3 76% Col Cost and 1.00 8,000 705 1st 58 .00 .81% 8,000 705 2 .00 .81% 3,000 705 2 .00 .81% 2,000 705 1.000 05 1.000 05 1.000 05 1.000 07 1.0 2 T Hante div bds 5,000 71 804 Tex Pacific in L G 805 5,000 ...58 805 10,000 ...58 805 10,000 ...58 805 10,000 ...185 805 3,000 ...1184 805 3,000 ...1184 2,000..... 117% Ch and Pac Div 10,000..... 108% Wis & Min div 8,000. 91% North Pacific 1st 21,000 ..... 1031g

QUOTATIONS FOR UNLISTED SECURITIES.

| Bid. Asked | N. Y. & Scranton | Do Istm'g do.... Buffalo, N. Y. and Phil. lat m. 32 36 incomes 14's 14's 45 55 oregon improvem't 89 50's Do. lat mig. 912's 92's Or. Short Line delivit when issued 18 0r. Short Line amba.105 titch & Dan. exteu. 697. Den. Rio Grande and Western Don. R. G. & West. | 60% 71 | Subs. | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 69% 71 96 100 1st mig. 60% 71 (icorgia Central. 96 100 Do, gid. 1st 113 Do, cert. of Ind. 92% 95 (icorgia Fac. itali-way 1st mortrage 82 Ind. Dec. & 8 4 8 De 1st mig. fund. 99 1st. Improvement Cent. Am. Transit 1 2 Chicago & Grand Trunk lat mis. 100 102 Ed. El. Illuminar 70 Ed. El. Light. 400 450 Gal. Harriaburg & Lehigh and Wilkes 8 18 Ed. El. Illumin 8 19 Ed. El. Illumin 93 19 Gal. Harrisbur 28 35 San Antonio 483 50 Keely Motor. N. I. Southern

CLOSING PRICES OF BOSTON STOURS. Boston, Thursday, Feb. 15, 1883. 99 30 2 2 2 CLOSING PRICES OF PHILADELPHIA STOCKS.

City da, New. ... 133 by 134 by United R.R., N.J. 191 191 by North, Pac, com. 446 4 463 4 191 by 191 by North, Pac, pref. 817 82 Pennsy va Rail'u 593 595 North, Cach, R.R. 55 554 Reading gen'i not 654 955 Reading gen'i not 654 955 Reading gen'i not 654 447 147 By 191 by 191

THURSDAY, Feb. 15-P. M. Lattle by little the truth about the inharmonion relations existing between the East and West trunk line railroads is coming to the surface. Notwithstanding all previous official denials of the well authenticated reports that the schedule rates were not maintained it is now admitted that they have not been, and it is reported that the "trunk line officers say that if necessary they will refuse to pro-rate on through rates with the Western roads in order to remedy the existing trouble." To comprehend fully the meaning of the quotation it is necessary to understand that the term "Western roads" means roads west of Pittsburg and Buffalo, and that the Western connections of the Bultimore and Ohio, the Pennsylvania and the Central and Hudson companies, are practically under the same management as the lines east of Pittsburg and Buffalo. It is the same old story that it has been with all preceding disagreements: First, deniais of any cutting; next, that it is unimportant and will be remedied; and finally, before the rupture becomes open, the Eastern trunk lines always have put their foot down, declaring they would not "pro-rate." More than two months ago The Taibung directed attention to the very large reportion of the business out of hicago which the Grand Trunk and the altimore and Ohio roads were obtaining, and the small proportion, compared with evious seasons, which the Vanderbilt lines were taining, and suggested that freight, no more than sengers, went 100 or 200 miles. passengers, went 100 or 200 miles further than the direct route, unless paid for it. The more equal distribution of business shown by the last two weeks' returns than had been shown by the returns of merchants from Chicago for many preceding weeks indicated that some equalizing method had been employed. The reports from Chicago during the

employed. The reports from Chicago during the last two days clearly indicate that the method used was a meeting of the cut rates by the lines which had before, at least approximately, held to the schedule.

To-day's stock market presents little for comment. The business, which amounted to 293,300 shares, was made up principally by the trading of some speculators. Prices generally opened weak and lower, but there followed a substantial rally for a majority of the stocks dealt in. Central and Hudson developed considerable strength and sold at 125½, and its prices held pretty firm at about 125½ all day, until just before the close, when it sold at 125½. Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, after early sales down to 118½, rose to 11958, but closed at 11858. Western Union was noticeably weak in the late dealings, selling at 80½ against 815s in the morning. Union Pacific was active and about the strongest stock on the list: it sold at 93% 2927 2903 4 293. The granger stocks were not as active as usual, and therefore their fluctuations were not least two days clearly indicate that the method may have by the lines of may have been dealings, and therefore their fluctuations were not lines. SF, 1381, 1120. Co. & ind con 120. Lo. & F. 121 and 6.0% all and 120. Co. & ind co. 121. SF, 130. 100. 103

SE, 1390, 100 107½ co. N. Vis 1st day 103. 111 112

Co. & ind co. 121. 121 and 6.0% all and 107½ co. N. Vis 1st day 103. 103

To, 32, 1930, 106 107½ co. N. Vis 1st day 103

To, 1930, 106 107½ co. N. Vis 1st day 103

To, 1930, 106 107½ co. N. Vis 1st day 103

To, 1930, 106 107½ co. N. Vis 1st day 103

To, 1930, 106 107½ co. N. Vis 1st day 103

To, 1930, 106 107½ co. N. Vis 1st day 103

To, 1930, 106 107½ co. N. Vis 1st day 103

To, 1930, 106 107½ co. N. Vis 1st day 103

To, 1930, 106 107½ co. N. Vis 1st day 103

To, 1930, 106 107½ co. N. Vis 1st day 103

To, 1930, 106 107½ co. N. Vis 1st day 103

Total Park To 102

Co. & 104 Cash 1185 por 102

Total Park To 102

Total Park To 103

Total Park To 103

Total Park To 103

Total Park To

important: Lake Shore was specially weak all day, and declined 1 per cent, with only a moderate amount of transactions. Illinois Central opened higher on the declaration of the extra dividend, but the advance was lost. The Wabashes developed cousiderable weakness at the close, and the whole morket closed weak at about the lowest prices of the

Government bonds were rather more active and were strong: the bids for the 4s are 4 higher, and for the 412s 18 higher. Annexed are the closing quotations:

Bid. Asked.)
U. S. 5s, 1881, con. 1034
U. S. 4s, 1891, reg. 1125, 1135, U. S. cur 6s, 1895, 128
U. S. 4s, 1891, reg. 1125, 1135, U. S. cur 6s, 1893, 129
U. S. 4s, 1891, cou. 1135, 1145, U. S. cur 6s, 1897, 139
U. S. 4s, 1897, reg. 1195, 129
U. S. cur 6s, 1898, 129
U. S. 4s, 1207, cou. 1195, 120, U. S. cur 6s, 1898, 129
U. S. 5s cr cents. 104, 1044, Dist, of Col. 3,555, 1084, 1094, 1094, State bonds were neglected; there were no transactions in any of the issues. The following are the quotations:

North Carolina, fund'g act, 1863-1890.
North Carolina f'g act, 1863-1895.
Nor. Carolina, new bon'ts, J. & J. 1892-1898.
North Carolina is. 10 12 .. 101 Alabama, Class C. 4s. 1906. Alabama es. 10-20, 10 12 84 87 1900. 1 Arkansas6s, fund, 1809-1900. Arkansas 78, M & 105 .. 1898 NorthCarolina 13. April & Oct. North Carolina. Chatham R. Nor. Carolina, 895-cial tax, Class 1, 1898-'99 15 .. 15 .. 40 .. Arkansas 7s, L.B. P. B. & N. O. Arkansas 7s, Ark. .. 50 Arkansaa7s, Ark. 00
Centrai R. 18
Conn. 6s. '83. '84. 102'2
Georgia 7s, new bonds 1886. 104
Geo. 7s, end. 1886 108 107
Geo. 7s, end. 1886 108 107
Georgia 7s, gold bonds, 1890. 114 117
Louisiann 7s, con. ISUS-100 7 9
NorthCarolinato, 7 9
NorthCarolinato, 7 9
Nor.Carolina spel tax to Wn NCR 7 12 8
Nor.Carolina spel tax Wn R B... 7 8
Nor.Carolina spel tax Wn R B... 7 8
Nor.Carolina spel tax Wn Carolina spel tex Wn & TarR 7 ...
Nor.Carolina Cou-73 73 2 Sor, Carolina Con-sol'd 4, 1910.... 77 80 North Carolina do da, duo 100 12 ... South Carolina 1). Act March 23, 50, non-fund 83. Tenness se 6s, old. 1800-2-8. uri 6a, 1886. Missouri 6s, 1886, 107 ... Missouri 6s, 1887, 108 Missouri 6s, 1888, 103 4 110 Missouri 6s, 1889 Missouri Asylam or Univ.due '93 113 ... Missouri Funding 110 .. Fennessee 6s, new bds, 1892-8-1900 41 43% bus, 1892-8-1300
Tennessee 0s, now
series, 1914...
Tenn 6s, comp 34-5-6s, 1912...
Virginia 6s, new
bonds, 1866... ari Funding 41 434 109 Missours, Han & St.Jo. due 1837, 109 North Carolina 34, 35 Virginia 6s, now bends, 1867.... Virginia6s, consel 35 30 30 .. Virginia 64, ex ma-50 tured coupon... 50 ... Virginiads, coust. 2dseries...... 48 ... Virginiads, defo'd bonds...... 12 13 April and Octo, 7 coupon off... 130 ...
North Carolina to N.C.R.R.,dx.An and Oct.... 155 ...
North Carolina do 7,coupon off.... 130 ... N Y City gold 68 con, 1902...... 129 ...

Of city bank stocks, Continental sold (50) at 120 @ 121 and Park sold (10) at 160. The bidding and asking prices at the first board were as follows:

Am'rican Exch'ge 131 | Mechanica' 145 | Mechanica' 160 |

Railroad bonds were dull and generally weak. Erie second consols declined to 9412@9434 Chesapeake and Ohio firsts, series B, were 12 lower at 90, and currency debts were off 34 to 52. Canada Southern firsts were higher at 95@9434, and New-York, Chicago and St. Louis firsts were up 4 at 963. New-York, West Shore and Buffalo 5s sold at 7634@77. Missouri, Kansas and Texas general mortgages were 4 lower at 97%. Metropolitan Elevated firsts were steady at 97% after 97%. St. Louis and Iron Mountain new 5s sold at 77. Mutual Union sinking funds were active and 34 lower at 8612. Louisville and Nashville general 6s at 93 were 34 per cent higher than the last previous sale. Richmond and Danville debentures sold at 6118@ 6012, and East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia incomes sold at 36. St. Paul first 5s, Wisconsin and Minnesota division, sold at 9134. Wabash general mortgages were off to 78<sup>1</sup>4. Texas and Pacific incomes were easier at 58@58<sup>1</sup>8, and firsts. Rio Grande division, were off at 80<sup>2</sup>8. Aorthern Pacific firsts were <sup>1</sup>8 lower at 103<sup>1</sup>2, and New-Orleans and Pacific firsts were <sup>1</sup>2 higher at 88. St. Louis and San Franci-co, new general mortgages, sold at 98<sup>1</sup>2 @98. Annexed are the closing quotations:

.. 105 

M & St P 1st C & Pac W 5s, 1921. 913g 917g M & S t P. Mineral Point div 5s. 96 Chie & N W intil bonds 7s. 1885. 1034; 1034; 1035; 1036 N W Consol B'ds 7s, 1915. 130 131 Chie & W W Ext bonds 7s. 100 Chie & N W sonsid B'ds 7s, 1915. 124 5; 106 N W Sinking Fund do reg. 116 Chie & N W

Bid. Asked.

Den & Rio Grande

1stoor d7s, 1919 ... 87%

Den, S Park & Pac

1st7s, 1905 ... 93

Det M & Marq 1st

8s, 1921 ... 94

E Tenn Va & Ga

1st on Se. ... 72

Ens. Lex & Big

8' 6 S. ... 94

E Ten, 1st m ext 7s

1885 ... 127

Eric 1st cou gold

7s, 1920 ... 129

Long Dock bda 7s 120

Long Dock bda 7s 120

Long Dock bda 7s 120 5t P. M& Manit's 109.

5t P. M& Manit's 119.

2d 6s. 112

St P. M& Manit's 108

5t Carolina its 108

5t Carolina its 108

5t Carolina its 108

7s 1999 195

105

107

Tex (ea. 1st m 7s 1991

105

107

Tex (ea. 1st m 7s 1991) 105

107

Tex (ea. 1st m 7s 1991) 105

107

Tex (ea. 1st m 7s 1991) 105

Tex manit 6s. 52 784 .. 804 82 107 107% | Sale | Cen B of N J Inc bonds.
Col.Chie&IndCen
ine 7s. 1890
ColC &Ind C Reor
Tat Co Cert.
E Tenn Va & Ga
inc da, 1931
Ind. Bloom & W'n
con inc fe bonds 7a, 1883, 107 ½ 108

Buff & Eric new
bonds 7a, 1898, 120

Lake shr div bds
7a, 1890, 100

Lake shr div bds
7a, 1890, 222 123½

L. shore con reg
2d, 1903 7a, 117½

L. Island 1st m7a, 117½

L. Island 1st con 5a, 97½ 98

Louisé Nash con
7a, 1898, 116

Louisé Nash 2dm

Louisé Nash 2dm

Sample Control Leligh & W-B'rre
Coal Co, amalibs

Lake Eric & Wes
Inc 7a

LeW inc, S div 3

Mil. L. S. & Wes
Incomes
Mobile & Ohio 1st
prefd debent.

Mobile & Ohio 2d
prefd debent.

V. Penne Collist

V. Penne Louis & Nash Geo
m 5a, 1930... 927, 93
L&N.Naan & Dec
1st 7s. 1900... 113
Lake Erice West'm
1st 6s, 1919... 98 100
Lat B'ro & Mun
1st 6s, 1919... 102
Net Elev 1st 6s, 1900... 102
Net Elev 2d 6s, 1899... 975, 975, 1999... 1099... 975, 975, 1999... 116... 98... 118... 1

Mex Cen 1st 7s... 71 ... Tol. Del &B inc 6s ... 15

The Sub-Treasury to-day lost on balance \$107,084, made un by losses of \$95,753 currency and \$11,331 coin; that leaves the net gain since last Friday \$1,939,289. To-day's trausations covered: Kecepis, \$960,324; payments, \$1,067,407; currency balance, \$6,150,720; coin balance, \$119,340,278. Money continues to be in abundant supply for call loans and to-day the rates ranged at \$1<sub>2</sub>@3 per cent. The domestic exchanges on New-York at the places named are quoted as follow: Savannah, par to ½ premium; Charleston, par to ½ premium; Charleston, par to ½ premium; New-Orleans, \$1@75 cents discount for commercial and \$1@\$2 premium for bank; St. Loais, 50 cents discount; Onicago, 75 cents discount; Boston, 17@ 25 cents premium.

and \$1@\$2 oremium for bank; St. Louis, 50 cents discount; Obicago, 75 cents discount; Boston, 17@25 cents premium.

The Clearing-House statement to-day is as follows: Exchanges, \$119,981,470; balances, \$5,144,448.

The United States Treasurer at Washington to-day received \$375,000 National bank notes for redemption. The customs receipts, \$363,878.

The decline in the Bank of England rate for discounts of ½ per cent was met here by an advance in the rate for 60-day bills of foreign exchange. The market is dull but strong at rates for business as follows: Bankers bills, \$4 83¼ and \$4 86¼ for long and short sterling respectively; 5.21% and 5.17% for f ancs; 94¾, and 95½ for reichmarks; 39% and 40% for guilders.

The Governors of the Bank of England at their regular weekly meeting to-day reduced the bank's minimum rate for discount from 4 to 3½ per cent. During the week the bank gained £210,000 bullion on balance, but the proportion of its reserve to its liabilities was reduced from 40½ to 44 15-16 per cent, against 37% per cent at the same date last year. The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows an increase of 5.875,000 francs gold and 612,500 francs silver. At the London Stock Exchange British consols were steady and unchanged at 102 7-16 and 102% respectively for money and account. United States bonds were also unchanged; 3½s, at 106¼; its at 116%, and 4½s at 122% American railways in their changes only reflected the movements in yesterday's home markets. At Paris French 3 per cents declined to 79 francs.

The Governors of the Stock Exchange yesterday admitted to dealings at the Board the following securities:

Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad Company.—

securities: securities:
Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad Company.—
First moregage 5 per cent forty years gold bonds, on constructions and purchases distributed below, and designated as Wisconsin and Minnesota division bonds, 83,335,000.
New-York, West Shore and Buffalo Railroad Company.

\$3.35,000.

New-York, West Shore and Buffalo Railroad Company.
—First morigage 5 per cent gold bonds, due July 1, 1931, \$30,250,000. The company is constructing a double, track line of road from Weelawken, N. J., to Buffalo, N. Y., distance 425 miles, and branches of 47 miles; total length, 472 miles.

Milwankee and Lake Winn-bago Railroad Company.—Capital stock, 52,000 shares of common stock of t. e par value of \$100 per share, \$520,000; 7.800 shares of preferred stock, \$780,000; first mortsage 6 per cent gold bonds due July 1, 1912, \$1,430,000; income 5 per cent (cumularive) gold bonds due July 1, 1912, \$520,000.

St. Louis and san Francisco Railway Company.—General mortgage fifty years 6 per cent gold bonds due July 1, 1931, issued as a part of \$30,000,000 authorized to be issued as the company's line is extended, subject to a reservation of \$17,261,000 for the retriring of prior indebtedness of toe company. The \$5,000,000 now "listed" is a first and only lien as follows: Pacific to \$1. Louis, about one-half finished; Fayetteville to Fort Smith, 63½ miles completed and in operation; Joplin to Galena, 10 miles completed and in operation; White River Branch, 20 miles completed and in operation; Waite River Branch, 20 miles completed and in operation; Maite River Branch, 20 miles completed and in operation; Maite River Branch, 20 miles completed and in operation; Maite River Branch, 20 miles completed and in operation; Maite River Branch, 20 miles completed and in operation; Maite River Branch, 20 miles completed and in operation; Maite River Branch, 20 miles completed and in operation; Maite River Branch, 20 miles completed and in operation; Maite River Branch, 20 miles completed and in operation; Maite River Branch, 20 miles completed and in operation; Maite River Branch, 20 miles completed and in operation; Maite River Branch, 20 miles completed and in operation; Maite River Branch, 20 miles completed and in operation; Maite River Branch, 20 miles completed and in operation; Maite River Branch, 20 miles comp

The gross earnings of the following railroads are CENTRAL PACIFIC.

Number of miles. 2,586 2,775 3,167 Month of January \$1,602,907 \$1,829,409 \$1,718,000 BURLINGTON, CEDAR RAPIDS AND NORTHERN. Number of miles 1887. 1882. 649
First week in February 220.064 482.540
Jan. 1 to Feb. 7 196,814 315,363 1883. The receipts of flour and grain at the principal Atlantic ports this 15th day of February were: Flour, bbls...... New-York. Bait. Paila. 13,120 3.812 1.600 Boston 5,312 Wheat bush 41,000 28,271 7,800 Corn. bush 76,816 112,134 48,000 Oars, bush 20,700 988 1,700 Ryc, bush 1,540 550 Barley, bush 6,500 Total bush ....... 146,006 141,943 57,500 The following were the receipts and ship ments at and from Chicago and Milwaukee to-day:
Receipts. Shipments. \*Chicago. 4,070

Wheat, bush 27,753 23,785 Corn. bush 305,458 7,550 Oats. bush 92,477 7,330 Byc. bns. 7,644 2,250 Bariey, bush 24,447 28,726 2,275 500 6,400 900 18,020 1,028 2,674 Total bush.... 457,629 69,635 8,599 28,095 "Eastern roads not reported."

Comparative exports of flour, wheat and corn from principal Atlantic ports for weeks ending Febuary 10, and from January 11, 1882 and 1883: FLOUR.

| New-York Baltimore | Philadelphis | Boston | 12,479 | 13,491 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 1 WHEAT.

EUROPEAN MARKETS. Liverpool. Feb. 15.—Bacon. Cumberland Cut. 48:0: Short Rib 50:0d. Pork, Prime Mess, 55:0d: do Western. 80:0. Lard, Prime Western. 50:0d. Cheese. American Choice. 66:0d. Corn. 7:00:0f Mixed oid. Turpentine Spirits. 39:0d. Porvisions—Corn. 61:0d per cwt. for American. Breadstuffs—Corn. 61:1d for oid Mixed Western. Wheat. 98:dd:90:1d per cental for California Citab. 8:0d:90:0d for Red Western Spring: W4d:90:1d Citab. 8:0d:90:0d for Red Western Spring: W4d:90:1d Citab. 8:0d:90:0d for Red Western Spring: W4d:90:1d

Land. Solon Western. Wheat book of the Western Spring: Western